PREPARE TO DISCUSS THE WORLD.

Foreign Policy Association GREAT DECISIONS 2018

Discussion groups co-sponsored by:

The League of Women Voters of La Plata County, The Durango Branch of the American Association of University Women & The Durango Public Library

Topic	Tuesdays
	11:45 a.m. to 1:45
	p.m.
U.S. global engagement and the military Moderator: Dennis Aronson	January 30
Global health: progress and challenges Moderator: Mike Todt	February 13
China and America: the new geopolitical equation Moderator: Kim Martin	February 27
Media and foreign policy Moderator: Paul DeBell	March 13
Turkey: a partner in crisis Moderator: Ruth Alminas	March 27
Russia's foreign policy Moderator: Gail Harris	April 10
South Africa's fragile democracy Moderator: Katherine Burgess	April 24
The waning of Pax Americana? Moderator: Curt Johnson	May 8

Durango Public Library 1900 East Third Avenue Program Rooms 1 & 2, Main Floor

Brown bag lunch

The order of topics in the briefing book is different from the schedule shown above. Please follow the schedule.

> Checks for \$26 for each briefing book should be made out to "LWVLPC" and mailed with the bottom of this form by December 31 to: Susan McGinness 756 E. 6th Ave, Durango, Co. 81301

Books will be available at the Durango Public Library Reference Desk in early January, upon notification from Susan McGinness.

> You can contact Susan about books at mcginnesssss@gmail.com Other questions: Janice Sheftel 970-259-5845 janicesheftel@gmail.com More information about Great Decisions and the Foreign Policy Association www.fpa.org or click on our web site www.lwvlaplata.org



Name(s):		LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF LA PLATA COUNTY
Address:		AAUW
Phone number:	Email address:	

Great Decisions 2018 Topics

The waning of Pax Americana?

By Carla Norrlof

During the first months of Donald Trump's presidency, the U.S. began a historic shift away from Pax Americana, the liberal international order that was established in the wake of World War II. Since 1945, Pax Americana has promised peaceful international relations and an open economy, buttressed by U.S. military power. In championing "America First" isolationism and protectionism, President Trump has shifted the political mood toward selective U.S. engagement, where foreign commitments are limited to areas of vital U.S. interest and economic nationalism is the order of the day. Geopolitical allies and challengers alike are paying close attention.

Russia's foreign policy

By Allen C. Lynch

Under President Vladimir Putin, Russia is projecting an autocratic model of governance abroad and working to undermine the influence of liberal democracies, namely along Russia's historical borderlands. Russia caused an international uproar in 2016, when it interfered in the U.S. presidential contest. But Putin's foreign policy toolkit includes other instruments, from alliances with autocrats to proxy wars with the U.S. in Georgia, Ukraine and Syria. How does Putin conceive of national interests, and why do Russian citizens support him? How should the United States respond to Putin's foreign policy ambitions?

China and America: the new geopolitical equation

By David M. Lampton

In the last 15 years, China has implemented a wide-ranging strategy of economic outreach and expansion of all its national capacities, including military and diplomatic capacities. Where the United States has taken a step back from multilateral trade agreements and discarded the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP), China has made inroads through efforts like the Belt and Road Initiative and the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB). What are Beijing's geopolitical objectives? What leadership and political conditions in each society underlie growing Sino-American tensions? What policies might Washington adopt to address this circumstance?

Media and foreign policy

By Susan Moeller

State and non-state actors today must maneuver a complex and rapidly evolving media landscape. Conventional journalism now competes with user-generated content. Official channels of communication can be circumvented through social media. Foreign policy is tweeted from the White House and "fake news" has entered the zeitgeist. Cyberwarfare, hacking and misinformation pose complex security threats. How are actors using media to pursue and defend their interests in the international arena? What are the implications for U.S. policy?

Turkey: a partner in crisis

By Ömer Taşpinar

Of all NATO allies, Turkey represents the most daunting challenge for the Trump administration. In the wake of a failed military coup in July 2016, the autocratic trend in Ankara took a turn for the worse. One year on, an overwhelming majority of the population considers the United States to be their country's greatest security threat. In this age of a worsening "clash of civilizations" between Islam and the West, even more important than its place on the map is what Turkey symbolically represents as the most institutionally Westernized Muslim country in the world.

U.S. global engagement and the military

By Gordon Adams

The global power balance is rapidly evolving, leaving the United States at a turning point with respect to its level of engagement and the role of its military. Some argue for an "America First" paradigm, with a large military to ensure

security, while others call for a more assertive posture overseas. Some advocate for a restoration of American multilateral leadership and a strengthened role for diplomacy. Still others envision a restrained U.S. role, involving a more limited military. How does the military function in today's international order, and how might it be balanced with diplomatic and foreign assistance capabilities?

South Africa's fragile democracy

By Sean Jacobs

The African National Congress (ANC) party has governed South Africa since the end of apartheid in 1994. But the party today suffers from popular frustration over official corruption and economic stagnation. It faces growing threats from both left and right opposition parties, even as intraparty divisions surface. Given America's history of opportunistic engagement with Africa, there are few prospects for a closer relationship between the two countries. Meanwhile, a weaker ANC could lead to political fragmentation in this relatively new democracy.

Global health: progress and challenges

By Joshua Michaud

The collective action of countries, communities and organizations over the last 30 years has literally saved millions of lives around the world. Yet terrible inequalities in health and wellbeing persist. The world now faces a mix of old and new health challenges, including the preventable deaths of mothers and children, continuing epidemics of infectious diseases, and rising rates of chronic disease. We also remain vulnerable to the emergence of new and deadly pandemics. For these reasons, the next several decades will be just as important—if not more so—than the last in determining wellbeing across nations.